

Some Exceptionally Good Friday Shoe Bargains

WILL tomorrow provide you with the new summer shoes needed for the entire family at considerable savings.

At the same time helping us reduce surplus stocks and broken lots.

ASK FOR A "FLY SWATTER!"



Look at These Snaps!

Child's Socks

White, colors or fancy-top effects. 15c.

Men's Socks

Good wearing Gauze-weight Men's Black Mercedized Cotton Socks. 25c values. 18c.

Women's Hose

35c to 50c values. Mercedized Little Stockings. Seamless and full-fashioned styles. Colors: Black, white, navy, bronze, Palm Beach and gray. All striped and clocked patterns. Pair. 29c.

Tennis Oxfords

Boys' or Girls' White or Black Rubber-soled "Champion" Tennis. Sizes 2 to 6. 59c.

Bathing Shoes

Women's High or Low Cut Bathing Slippers or Shoes. Black, white, navy or red canvas with substantial cork soles. 59c.

"Play Oxfords"

Special sale of extra good \$1.25 grade Tan Lotus Calf, Elk-sole Play Oxfords for boys and girls. Sizes 2 to 6. \$1.

"Barefoot Sandals"

Worth \$1.50; unusually flexible, comfortable and serviceable. Sizes 2 to 6. \$1.29.

White Boots

Oxfords. Pumps and Rubber-sole High or Low Shoes for girls. Made of cool, durable white canvas. Values \$2 to \$2.29. \$1.29.

Men's Canvas

"Outing" Oxfords. Made of cool, brown covert cloth. Good leather soles. Friday. \$1.19.

W. Hahn & Co.
3 RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES

COR. 7th and K
1914-16 PA. AVE.
233 PA. AVE. S.E.

"Foot Comfort" Service for Troubled Feet.

QUERIES TO BE PUT BEFORE CANDIDATES

Campaign Is Planned to Obtain Views on Economic Problems.

HEADS OF PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS NOT TO ESCAPE

Propositions Each Will Be Asked to Favor Made Up by "Conference on Real Preparedness."

Plans for a countrywide campaign among labor and grange organizations to obtain expressions from candidates for federal office of every political party on economic and social problems were discussed today at the "conference on real preparedness" at the Raleigh Hotel.

The conference is to vote late this afternoon on a proposal that each of the presidential candidates in the present campaign be asked to favor these propositions:

"The untaxing of improvements and all other products of labor, and heavier taxation of land values to maintain local and state governments."

"A rapidly progressive tax on large incomes—especially on unearned incomes—for the federal government, and reducing taxes on consumption—such as tariffs on the necessities of life."

"Federal acquisition of natural monopolies—since privileged monopoly is un-American—the present owners to be paid only the value they have given to those monopolies, plus the present value of improvements therein and thereon made by them."

"Termination of perpetual franchises and municipal ownership and operation of public utilities, the present owners to be paid only the value they have given to those franchises, plus the present value of improvements therein and thereon made by them."

"Social insurance against sickness and accidents."

"The enactment of the Keating Owen child labor bill by Congress and of uniform child labor bills by all the states."

Want Troops Withdrawn.

Resolutions urging President Wilson "at the earliest possible moment compatible with the rights of the United States to withdraw American troops from Mexico, so that friction due to the presence of our troops on Mexican soil may be eliminated, and normal relations between the two great republics of this continent may be restored, and to take all necessary steps to convince the Mexican republic that our purpose is merely to prevent raids from Mexico into our country, and of our citizens in Mexico, and not to annex any Mexican territory whatsoever, either permanently or temporarily," are to be introduced late this afternoon.

Compete or Combine.

Declaring he is a believer in preparedness in all its phases, including the military plan, Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale University prepared a paper which was read before the conference.

"America must either compete with the rest of the world," the writer stated. "In fact, I consider it our duty to make it clear to all nations that so long as we engage in their mad race for naval and military power the United States also must and will compete."

William Lustgarten, president of the Loyal American League, New York City, spoke on "Economic Justice Essential to Real Preparedness."

"Everywhere the struggle for mere existence is becoming more intense and is destroying forces that make for improvement and progress," he said. "Disease because of lack of food, bad lodging, mottled and wretchedness of life and child labor are constantly on the increase. The first requisite of preparedness requires that every man have a real stake in the country."

Mrs. Joseph Fels, the only woman speaker at the conference, had for her subject "Economic Freedom and Real Preparedness."

Intellectual Preparedness Urged.

At the session last night Albert J. Nock urged intellectual preparedness to meet the changed point of view of other nations. He said he believed the whole theory of government would be radically revised as a result of the European war. Its functions would be simplified and reduced, and while it would continue to protect property rights, it would no longer be able to defend monopoly rights or privilege, or to safeguard capital income above service income.

Frederic C. Leubacher of New York City, president of the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, also spoke last night.

The speaker said Americanism is much on the tongue, but it is still undeveloped. He said a survey of existing industrial, social and economic conditions in this country warns us that Americanism is not achieved in our own land. "Monopoly of natural resources is utterly incompatible with real Americanism and real preparedness," he said in conclusion. "Profits from such monopoly are equally so. Workers are entitled to get what they produce, and until they do so we are un-American and unprepared."

CONFEREES ON SUNDAY CIVIL BILL ARE AGREED

The conferees on the sundry civil appropriation bill today reached an agreement and later reported to their respective houses. The Senate amendment providing \$100,000 for beginning work on the new bridge across the Potomac river to replace the Aqueduct bridge and also permitting contracts to be entered into for the remainder of the work up to \$900,000 was retained in the bill by the conferees.

The conferees also agreed to the Senate amendment providing for a public building commission to make plans for the housing in permanent government buildings of all the government departments and bureaus in the District of Columbia.

The Senate conferees yielded on the Stone amendment to the bill, which provided an increased amount to pay for the proposed extension of the Geological Park from the present western boundary of the park. They also yielded on the amendment to increase from \$25,000 to \$50,000 the appropriation for further work on Meridian Hill Park.

REPLIES TO ASSERTIONS OF HASKIN AS TO JAPAN

J. Selwin Tait Answers Several Statements Made in Reference to Nipponese.

To the Editor of The Star:

If such a charge had any real foundation in fact and the conditions were as stated, the wiser course to pursue would be to lay the proofs before the State Department and not to throw more inflammable material into a combustible situation, and in that way precipitate the events which we should prevent.

No Censorship, Is Claim.

Mr. Haskin says that these utterances of the yellowest section of the press are in a sense authoritative because, to quote his language, "every Japanese paper has been passed by the official censor," which "obliges us to give a different reception to news from Japan." That country is full of yellow journalism, and if that statement were true it would indicate a very grave situation. Mr. Haskin has, however, been misinformed and I state without any fear of contradiction that the Japanese government exercises no censorship over the local press, to which Mr. Haskin refers. This statement can be verified in this country by application at the proper quarters, and it serves to show that Mr. Haskin is writing about a condition which the Japanese government is itself powerless to prevent and which may add as a detestable to the Japanese statesmen as it is painful to ourselves. This situation is not, however, widely different from that existing in Europe and in the United States, and as for the latter, I would suggest to those who call the statement in question that they examine the cartoon on page 25 of the issue of June 24th of the Saturday Evening Post.

Refers to Growing Population.

Mr. Haskin supports his views by certain striking figures, to which I would like to refer. He says: Japan's population is increasing "at the unbelievable rate of almost a million a year." Well, what of it? Her neighbor, Russia, who has also some slight interest in that section of the globe, is increasing her population at the rate of nearly seven million a year, while our own grows at the rate of upward of a million and a half. Surely, if increasing population is a factor to be considered, Japan is not the country to be afraid of. The European war, which has nearly seven million more mouths to feed, is surely, might be ample food for reflection in the orient, yet we are feeling no concern about it at all, and rightly so.

Danger Held Not Imminent.

Mr. Haskin refers to the population of Japan as being 347 to the square mile and adds, "if there is no safety valve, sooner or later the boiler is bound to burst." This danger is not at all imminent. The United Kingdom has a population of 350 to the square mile, and Belgium, before the war, had 471. Neither of those countries lacked emigration facilities and opportunities of the very best, and their state of congestion was, therefore, presumably, from choice. The fact is, in the case of industrial nations, such as those countries have become, and which Japan is fast becoming, the factor which alarm Mr. Haskin have no special significance at all. Apart from this, if a dangerous state of congestion really did exist in Japan, I would suggest that within their own empire, in the north and in Manchuria, she has by no means exhausted her opportunities.

Extension of Navy.

With reference to Mr. Haskin's somewhat serious statement that in Japan's yearbook "They were planning their navy with a view to possible conflict with the United States" I have this to say: Apart from the fact that the yearbook is not published by the government at all, but by Prof. Takeuchi, which would render its utterance on such a subject being official, I may add that in the yearbook for 1915, now before me, the only remark touching upon a matter of the kind occurs in reference to the navy expansion program, and is to the following effect:

"As explained by the vice minister of the navy, in the thirtieth session of the diet (1915-16), the program was elaborated to cope with a certain imaginary foe, representing the force of twenty-one battleships and four armored cruisers." If this is what is referred to, I certainly would not consider such minor utterances as worth making any particular country, but as fixing an objective limit to which, for the present, the government should restrict its efforts.

Deplores Unfriendly Tone.

Turning to the general question involved in Mr. Haskin's communications, I would say that, in common with a great many other people, I deplore the unfriendly tone of certain communications in the press toward Japan, which has been apparent of late years, and more particularly during the past year. It has been my privilege to know a number of prominent Japanese, both here and in Japan. I have seen nothing among such people of the rancor and dislike which Mr. Haskin finds so much in evidence. At the same time I will say this: that next to their courage and patriotism, the most conspicuous quality in the native of Japan is his sensitiveness. This sensitiveness is a passion, with which, indeed, you had much better rob him than laugh at him or insult him. It is a case of a passion which, with him, that paramount consideration among eastern races.

New Course Suggested.

As a nation we seem to be drifting from our old faith in the Suaviter in modo, fortiter in re. It is a great pity that we do so, for Japan is not the only country who would rather be wronged than slighted. If the press of the United States would bear this in mind and instead of something good to say of our friends across the sea the world would be the better for it, and we ourselves would establish relations which would be profitable in every sense of the word.

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WOULD NOT AGGRAVATE RELATIONS WITH U. S.

Carranza's Action in Releasing American Soldiers Explained by Arredondo.

In announcing at the State Department that he had been advised by his foreign office of the order for the release of American soldiers, Mexican Ambassador Designate Arredondo said his information was that Gen. Carranza had taken the step "because he did not desire to aggravate the relations between the two countries."

ONE AMERICAN KILLED.

Another Wounded in Clash With Rebels of Santo Domingo.

One American soldier was killed and another wounded in an engagement

reported by Rear Admiral Caperton between United States marines and Santo Domingo rebels. The rebel losses were not given.

The name of the marine killed was given as Private John Acrimont of the 27th Company, Albert Vieidum of Aberdeen, Wash., a private of the 27th, was wounded.

Admiral Caperton's report said the engagement was fought yesterday morning. The rebels were found in position in two lines of trenches about sixteen miles from Monte Cristi. They were dislodged by assault after an artillery fire.

Cuba has a quilles porcupine.

Crushed Cottonseed Crop.
Cottonseed crushed from the crop of 1915 totaled 4,201,059 tons, compared with 5,775,665 tons in 1914, the census bureau today announced. Linters obtained numbered 920,169 equivalent 500-pound bales, compared with 858,500 bales in 1914.

The KIMBALL TRIUMPHANT
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HONOR OF THE EXPOSITION
RECOGNITION OF THE SUPERLATIVE MERIT AND THE UNEQUALLED AND EXHAUSTIVE SCOPE OF ITS ENTERPRISES IN THE FIELD OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENT MANUFACTURING

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THE INTERNATIONAL JURY OF AWARDS HAS CONFERRED A
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EXPOSITION

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523 11th Street N. W.

Exclusive Washington and Vicinity Distributors
of the Kimball Pianos

71 SANITARY GROCERY CO. 71
Stores More Soon Stores Everywhere One Near Your Home More Soon

All Our Stores Will Be Closed All Day Tuesday, July 4

Extra Special This Week

HAMS, 19½c lb.
Picnic Shoulders, 14½c lb.

Only the best brand of hams sold—Quality guaranteed.

Small, lean and well trimmed.

Tomatoes, No. 3 Cans, 3 for 25c

Shriver's Lima Beans, No. 2 can. 8c

Will eat as good as if fresh from the garden.

Hershey's Cocoa, ½-lb. Tins. 12½c

Mackerel, 3 for 5c

At the high prices of meat, this should appeal to every one.

Safety Matches, Dozen Boxes. 5½c

Flour Special

Pride of Montgomery Brand

6-lb. Bag. 17½c

12-lb. Bag. 34c

24-lb. Bag. 67c

This is positively the greatest Flour Special we have had to offer in the last 12 months. Quality guaranteed. Buy heavy, as flour is better quality now than later, when new wheat comes in.

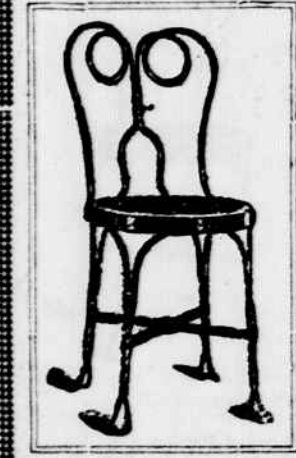
Green Bag Coffee

22c lb. In 1-lb. Bags Only

Ask any of our clerks about Green Bag Coffee as to how the patrons like it. Then you try 1 lb. on our guarantee—use ¼ lb. of it—and if it doesn't please you as well as any you ever used, return the unused portion and we will refund the entire purchase price.

Confectioners' and Druggists' Ice Cream and Soda Fountain Supplies for July 4

We are prepared to supply every need for making, delivering and serving ice cream, etc., as we make a specialty of these requisites. Our stock will be found equal to every demand, our prices absolutely THE LOWEST that can be quoted for goods of STRICTLY RELIABLE QUALITY.



Royal Metal Chairs, Tables, Stools, Etc.

Guaranteed Unbreakable.

OPALITE SANITARY TABLES

Thick white chinalike glass tops. White enamel steel frames.

The ideal tables for Druggists, Confectioners and Lunchrooms.

ALL THE NEWEST AND BEST SANITARY REQUISITES

Headquarters for Druggists' and Confectioners' Ice Cream and Soda Fountain Glasses, Spoons, Straws, Glass Holders, Packing Tubs and Cans, Serving Scoops, etc.

Request our salesman to call and quote prices.

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1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

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STOP THIS
DON'T risk breaking your wrist just to start your Ford. There is mechanical starter that is as simple, safe and economical as the Ford itself. No batteries to renew, no wiring to repair; just two simple working parts, the pawl and ratchet. Installed in 1½ hours, it prevents all inconvenience and danger of starting back. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

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\$75 a week—a fair average
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